

# ANTHROPOLOGY OPTIONAL STRATEGY GUIDE

EXPLORE UPSC SUCCESS WITH **VISION IAS**



## ABSTRACT

"ANTHROPOLOGY OPTIONAL STRATEGY GUIDE" IS A STRATEGIC GUIDE METICULOUSLY CURATED BY VISION IAS EXPERTS FOR UPSC CANDIDATES, OFFERING A STEP-BY-STEP APPROACH TO MASTERING ANTHROPOLOGY OPTIONAL. WITH KEY STRATEGIES, STUDY PLANS, AND PRACTICAL EXAMPLES, IT EQUIPS CANDIDATES WITH A HOLISTIC UNDERSTANDING OF THE ANTHROPOLOGY OPTIONAL. FROM PAPER SPECIFIC APPROACH IN SYNC WITH CURRENT TRENDS OF THE EXAM TO ANSWER WRITING AND TIME MANAGEMENT, THIS EXPEDITION ENSURES UPSC SUCCESS AND WILL TRANSFORM CANDIDATES INTO TRIUMPHANT CIVIL SERVANTS, GUIDED BY VISION IAS AS THEIR COMPASS.



## Anthropology Optional: The roadmap to excel in UPSC

In the journey of becoming a civil servant, choosing the right optional subject is crucial for success. The UPSC exam's optional papers carry significant weightage, with 500 marks in total. Among the diverse options, Anthropology has emerged as a fascinating choice for aspirants. With the expert guidance and study sources expertly devised by the experienced team at Vision IAS, excelling in this subject can pave the way to triumph in the UPSC exam. Many toppers have achieved extraordinary success due to high scores in the Anthropology optional, as evident in the data given in the table. With Anthropology's comprehensive nature, a well-crafted strategy and expert insights can pave the way for excellence. Now, embark on our specially curated guide to master this subject and achieve success in the UPSC exam.

Name	Rank	Marks	Year
Nidhi Pai	AIR 110	325	2022
Narayan Amit	AIR 70	306	2021
Shubham Kumar	AIR 1	320	2020
Laxmi Nagappan	AIR 45	362	2018
Akshat Jain	AIR 2	335	2018
Ayush Sinha	AIR 7	350	2017
Anudeep Durishetty	AIR 1	318	2017
Sachin Gupta	AIR 3	339	2017

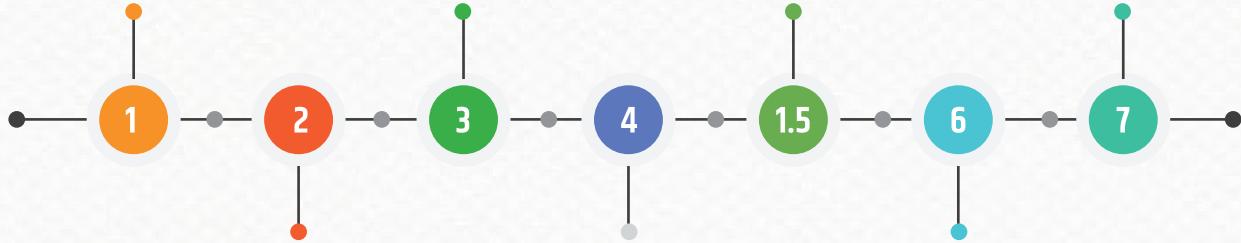
The toppers of UPSC Civil Services Exam in Anthropology from 2022 to 2017, along with their respective ranks and marks.

**Grasping Anthropology:**  
Develop a comprehensive understanding of anthropology as a subject, its scope, and relevance.

**Learning from Past Years:**  
Analyze previous years' question papers to discern patterns, recurring themes, and areas of focus.

**Customizing the Strategy:** Devise a subject-specific strategy tailored to anthropology, emphasizing in-depth coverage of key topics.

**Mock Tests and Analysis:** Take mock tests and analyze your performance to identify strengths and areas of improvement.



**Unraveling the Syllabus:** Decode the detailed syllabus to identify key topics, sub-topics, and weightage of each section.

**Selecting the Right Sources:** Choose reliable and authoritative study materials, textbooks, and journals to build a strong foundation.

**Answer Writing Practice:** Regularly practice writing answers within time constraints to improve efficiency and clarity.

## 1. Grasping Anthropology

By understanding Anthropology as a discipline and developing genuine interest, aspirants can lay a solid foundation for their UPSC Anthropology optional preparation, making the journey more enriching and rewarding.

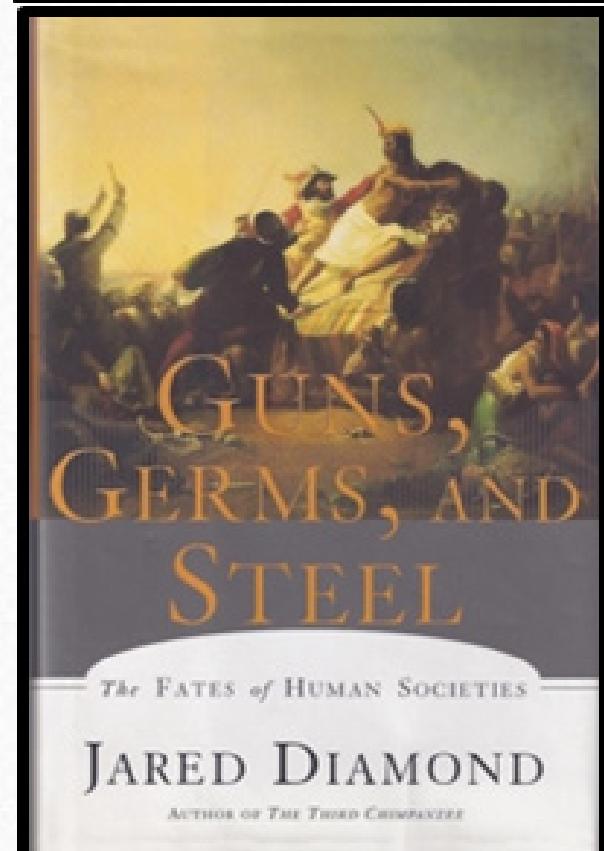
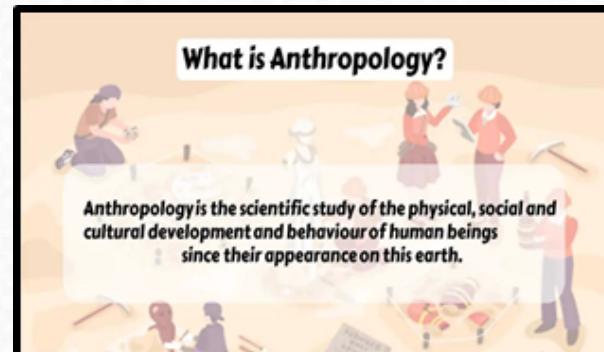
### How to develop basic understanding of the anthropology before starting the preparation:

**Read Popular Anthropology Books:** Begin with books like *"Guns, Germs, and Steel"* by Jared Diamond, examining the impact of geography on human history, or *"Sapiens: A Brief History of Humankind"* by Yuval Noah Harari, exploring the evolution of humans and societies.

**Watch Anthropology Documentaries:** Explore documentaries like *"The Human Family Tree"* that uncovers our shared genetic ancestry or *"The Cave of Forgotten Dreams"* that reveals ancient human art and culture.

**Engage on Social Media:** Follow anthropology-related pages and groups on social media platforms to stay updated with the latest research, discussions, and discoveries in the field.

By incorporating these steps, aspiring anthropology enthusiasts can develop a deeper curiosity and understanding of the subject, making their learning journey more enriching and enjoyable.

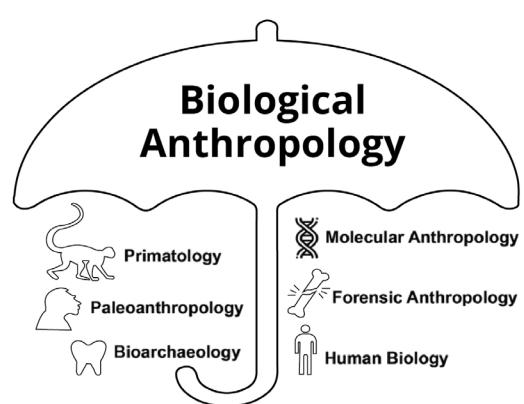


## 2. Unraveling the Syllabus

Decoding the syllabus is an essential step in the journey of UPSC Anthropology optional preparation. The syllabus serves as a roadmap, guiding aspirants through the vast and diverse field of Anthropology. Understanding each section and topic of the syllabus is crucial for targeted and effective study. By decoding the syllabus, aspirants gain clarity on the scope and depth of the subject, enabling them to strategize their preparation in a focused manner. It empowers them to identify key areas, prioritize topics, and select appropriate study materials, ultimately leading to a comprehensive grasp of Anthropology and enhancing their chances of success in the UPSC examination.

### Anthropology Optional Paper 1

Paper 1 of the Anthropology optional in UPSC covers various sections related to Social-Cultural Anthropology and Biological Anthropology.



## Sections in Paper 1

### 1. Anthropology as a Discipline

- Meaning, Scope, and Development of Anthropology
- Relationships with other disciplines

### 2. Social-Cultural Anthropology

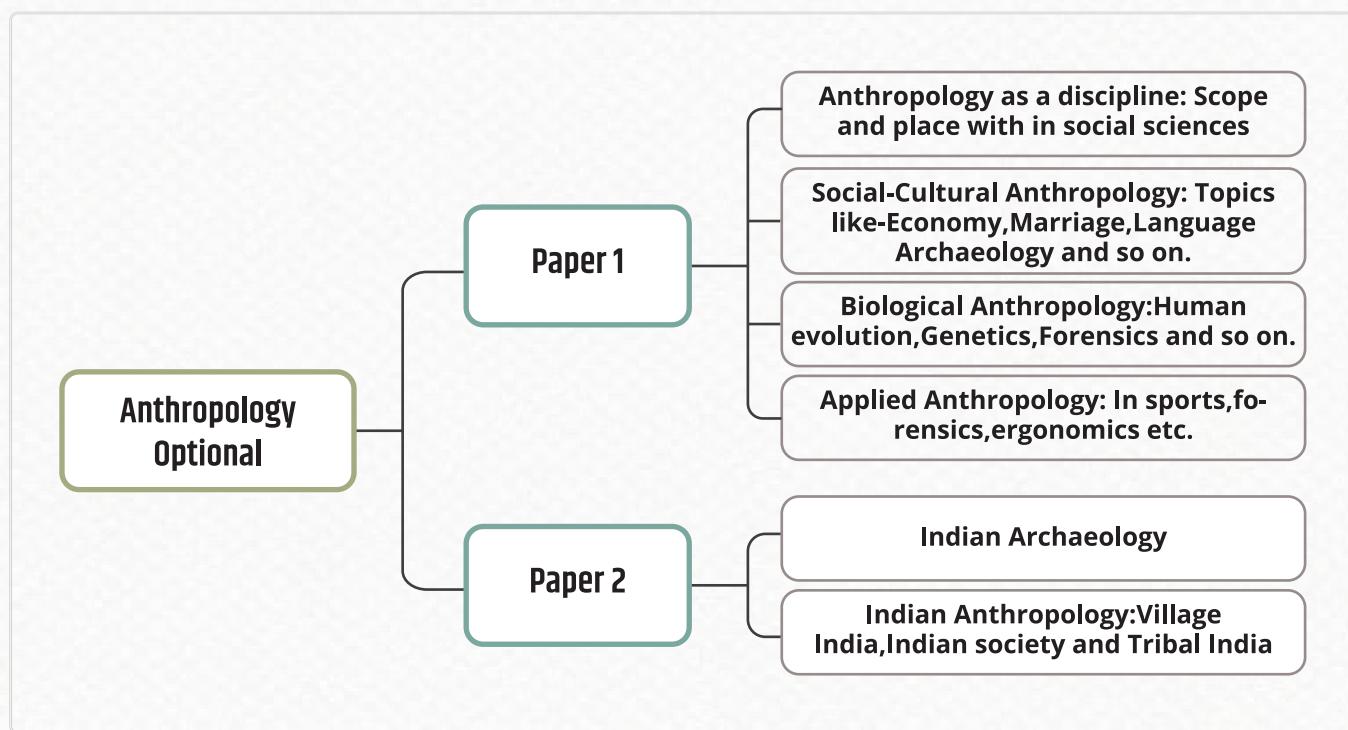
- Nature of Culture and Society
- Marriage, Family, and Kinship
- Economic and Political Organization
- Religion, Language, and Ethnicity

### 3. Biological Anthropology

- Genetics and Human Evolution
- Human Variation and Race
- Primates and Human Evolution
- Modern Human Biology and Health

### 4. Applied Anthropology

- Anthropological applications in sports, nutrition and so on.



## Anthropology Optional Paper 2

Paper 2 of the Anthropology optional in UPSC covers Archaeological Anthropology, Indian Anthropology, and Applied Anthropology.

### Sections in Paper 2

#### 1. Archaeological Anthropology:

- Prehistoric Archaeology
- Indian Archaeology

#### 2. Indian Anthropology:

- Tribal and Rural Communities
- Ethnographic Profile of India
- Social Change and Contemporary Issues
- Applied Anthropology



### 3. Learning from Previous Years' Papers

Analysis of Previous Year Question Papers of optional Anthropology is among the primary steps in preparation of the exam as it provides a framework by defining boundaries for preparation. It helps the candidates in analyzing types of questions, paper patterns and the way in which the Anthropology question papers are framed. It is one of the ways to level up preparation as it creates awareness of the associated challenges by-

- 1. Familiarizing with the exam pattern:** This includes the number of questions, the marks allotted to each question and the division of topics.
- 2. Analyze the type of questions asked:** Are they conceptual, factual or application-based? What is the level of difficulty of the questions?  
**Importance:** It will help to understand the kind of preparation needed.
- 3. Identify the important topics:** Which topics are repeatedly asked in the exam?  
**Importance:** These are the topics that should be focused on.

### CURRENT TRENDS IN ANTHROPOLOGY OPTIONAL PAPERS

- 1. A focus on applied anthropology:** The UPSC is increasingly interested in the application of anthropological knowledge to real-world problems. This means that candidates should be prepared to answer questions about how anthropology can be used to address issues such as poverty, inequality and environmental degradation.

#### Example

Q. Explain the concept of sustainable development? How does anthropology help to attain sustainable development in the tribal communities in India. (2019)

Q. How can anthropology be used to understand the impact of climate change on indigenous communities? (2018)

Q. Discuss the contributions of anthropology in understanding the loss of livelihood of tribal communities due to economic and ecological factors. (2014)

- 2. An emphasis on current affairs:** The UPSC is also interested in how anthropology can be used to understand current events. This means that candidates should be familiar with recent anthropological research on topics such as globalization, climate change, and conflict resolution.

#### Example

Q. Give your assessment of the reasons for the imbalance in the sex-ratio in India. (2017)

Q. Discuss the impact of media on the social life of Indian villages (2019)

Q. "Globalisation, on one hand has provided opportunities and on the other hand thrown challenges to Indian villages". Elucidate (2019)

- 3. A focus on interdisciplinary approaches:** The UPSC is increasingly recognizing the value of interdisciplinary approaches to anthropology. This means that candidates should be prepared to answer questions that require them to draw on knowledge from other disciplines, such as sociology, economics, and political science.

#### Example

Q. Critically examine the anthropological approaches to planning and socio-economic development among the weaker section of the Indian society, highlighting the issues of macro-planning in anthropology. (2020)

Q. How do you situate anthropology in Social Science. (2013)

**4. A focus on critical thinking:** The UPSC is looking for candidates who can think critically about anthropological concepts and theories. This means that candidates should be able to analyze and evaluate anthropological research, and to identify the strengths and weaknesses of different approaches.

**Example**

Q."Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of the bio-cultural approach to human evolution." (2021)

Q."Ethics and Genetic Engineering." (2020)

## 4. Selecting the Right Sources

Mastering Anthropology optional for the UPSC Civil Services Exam demands a well-thought-out and strategic approach in selecting the right resources. The subject's vastness and intricacies can overwhelm candidates, leading them to either:

1. Overload themselves with excessive study materials.
2. Unintentionally overlook crucial topics.

To navigate this expedition effectively, candidates must be cautious of common mistakes, such as:

1. **Relying solely on topper's notes** or ready-made coaching materials.
2. **Ignoring the changing trends** and requirements of the exam.
3. **Using substandard material** that has lost relevance due to the evolving dynamics of the exam.

Instead, adopting a scholarly approach and consolidating content from various sources will provide a comprehensive understanding of the subject.

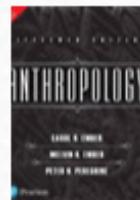
In this section, we present a carefully curated list of optimal resources for each topic.

### Paper 1

#### 1. PHYSICAL ANTHROPOLOGY (Unit-1.4,1.5,1.6,1.7,9,10,11,12)



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content for M.A



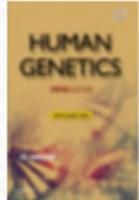
Ember&Ember



P.Nath-Physical  
Anthropology



Stein&Rowe-Physical  
Anthropology

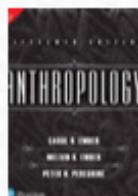


S.D.Gangane-Human  
Genetics

## 2. SOCIAL (CULTURAL) ANTHROPOLOGY (Unit-1.1,1.2,1.3,2,3,5,7,8)



epg-pathshala  
content for M.A



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Introducing  
Sociology – N.C.E.R.T  
Class 11



An introduction to  
Social Anthropology  
by D.N. Majumdar

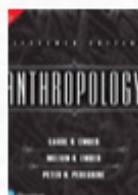


HUMANITY:An  
Introduction to  
Cultural Anthropology

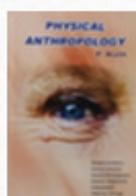
## 3. ANTHROPOLOGY THEORIES (Unit-6)



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content for M.A



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An Introduction To  
Anthropological  
Thought : Makhan Jha

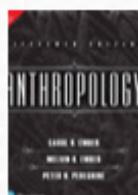


History of Anthropological  
Thought - Vijay S.  
Upadhyay, Gaya Pandey

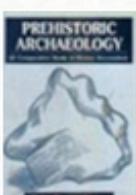
## 4. ARCHAEOLOGY (Paper 1-1.8, Paper 2-1.1,1.2,1.3)



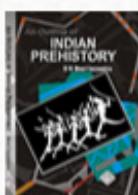
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Pre-Historic  
Archaeology :D K  
Bhattacharya



An Outline Of Indian  
Prehistory: D.K.  
Bhattacharya

## Additional Resources for paper 1

### 1. YouTube Videos

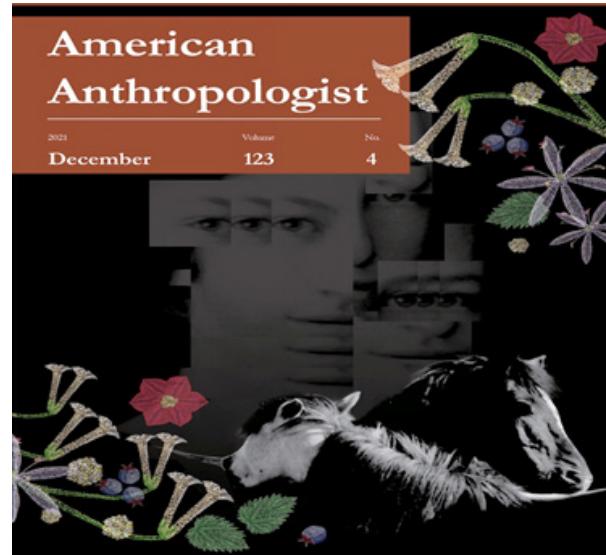
- Crash Course Anthropology series - Provides introductory overview of major concepts
- Videos posted by universities like Yale on specific topics like kinship, religion etc.
- Documentaries on human evolution, genetics, DNA technology etc.

### 2. Online Courses

- Free online courses on anthropology topics offered by EdX, Coursera etc. Give a structured learning experience through lectures, readings, assignments.

### 3. Journal Articles

- American Anthropologist -
- Journal of the American Anthropological Association
- Current Anthropology - Published by University of Chicago Press
- Journal of Anthropological Research - Published by University of New Mexico



### 4. Reports/Statistics

- UN World Population Prospects - Data on population trends, growth, density etc.
- WHO Global Health Observatory - Health and disease statistics
- Census of India - Data on demography, ethnicity, language etc. in India

### 5. News Articles

- Stay updated with latest findings/discoveries related to evolution, genetics, archaeology etc.

### 6. Museums/Sites

- Virtual tours of human evolution museums like Smithsonian Natural History Museum
- Online visits to archaeological sites like cave paintings, fossil sites etc.

## Paper 2

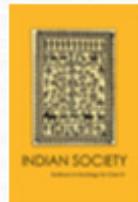
### 1. INDIAN SOCIETY (Unit-2,3,4,5,8,9)



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content for M.A



Indian anthropology  
by Nadeem Hasnain



Indian Society  
(ncert)- Class 12th



Modernization Of  
Indian tradition:  
Yoginder Singh

## 2. TRIBAL INDIA (Unit-6,7,8,9)



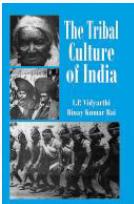
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content for M.A



Tribal India by  
Nadeem Hasnain



Indian Society  
(ncert)- Class 12th



The Tribal Culture  
of India by L.P.  
Vidyarthi

### Additional Resources for Paper 2

#### A. Government Reports:

1. Report of the High Level Committee on Socio-economic, Health and Educational Status of Tribal Communities of India by Virginius Xaxa (2014)
2. Report of the Task Force on Development and Welfare of Tribal Communities by Dr. Narendra Jadhav (2021)
3. Reports and data from Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Tribal Research Institutes

#### B. Magazines:

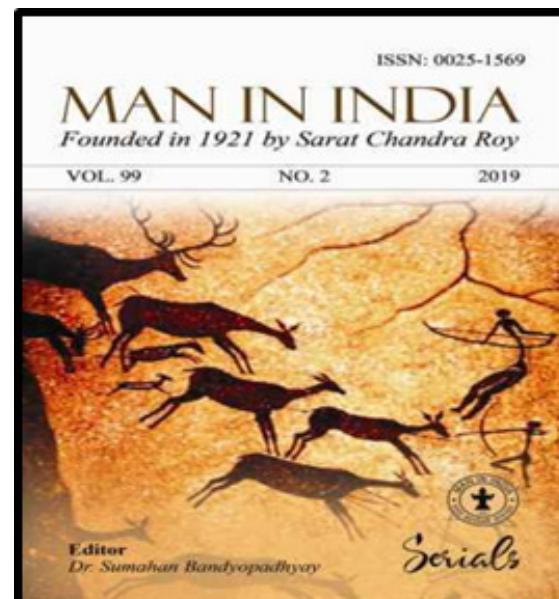
1. Yojana - Monthly magazine published by Government of India - Issues on Tribal Affairs
2. Kurukshetra - Monthly magazine published by Ministry of Rural Development - Issues on Tribal Development
3. Down to Earth - Magazine covering environmental and development issues - Articles on tribals

#### C. Journals:

1. Man in India - Interdisciplinary journal on anthropology and tribal studies
2. Journal of Indigenous and Tribal Peoples and Development - Published by RULNR University

#### D. Websites:

1. [www.tribal.gov.in](http://www.tribal.gov.in) - Ministry of Tribal Affairs portal
2. [www.ncst.nic.in](http://www.ncst.nic.in) - National Commission for Scheduled Tribes portal
3. [www.tribal.nic.in](http://www.tribal.nic.in) - Tribal welfare statistics and data
4. People's Archive of Rural India (PARI): PARI is an online platform that documents rural India's stories, including those of tribal communities.



CLIFF NOTE

## 5. Customizing Your Strategy

With a solid foundation of understanding anthropology as a subject, a thorough analysis of the syllabus, insights from past year's papers, and the selection of appropriate study resources, it is time to craft a personalized strategy for each paper. Paper 1 and Paper 2 of the anthropology optional demand unique approaches to tackle the diverse topics and themes. In this section, we will delve into the specifics of customizing your preparation, tailoring it to your strengths and weaknesses, and aligning it with the changing trends in the UPSC exam.

As we embark on the journey of preparing for Anthropology, it is imperative to **adhere to certain subject-specific requirements** that will pave the way for scoring high in the exam.

These key elements will guide you in effectively mastering the subject and achieving success in the UPSC examination.

### ➤ Develop Conceptual Clarity on Topics:

For example, while studying kinship systems, understanding the different types of kinship terminology such as lineal, collateral, and affinal relationships is essential.

### ➤ Keep a Scholarly Approach:

For instance, when studying the work of Claude Levi-Strauss, it is important to recognize his contributions to structuralism and the study of mythologies. Being familiar with the perspectives of various anthropologists like Franz Boas, Bronislaw Malinowski, and Margaret Mead enables a well-rounded approach to interpreting anthropological phenomena.

### ➤ Present Your Content Well Through Diagrams, Flowcharts, Maps, etc.:

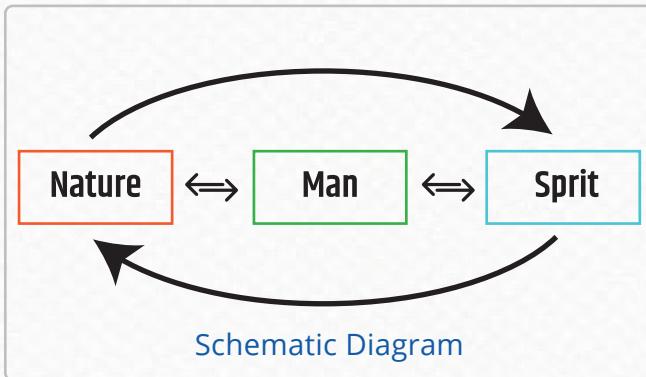
For example, while explaining cultural diffusion, creating a flowchart to illustrate the process of cultural traits spreading from one society to another can enhance the understanding of the concept.

### ➤ Add Value Through Recent Examples, Case Studies, Data, etc:

In discussing the impact of globalization on indigenous cultures, incorporating recent case studies of tribes affected by modernization can provide real-world context and relevance to the subject.

### ➤ Inter-linking of Topics Wherever Feasible:

For instance, when studying the relationship between language and culture, understanding how linguistic anthropology intersects with sociocultural anthropology can lead to a more comprehensive analysis of the subject.



Drawing such diagrams add value to your answer and fetch more marks

### Importance of latest case studies/examples

Q. Ethnic media and social awareness(10M,2021)

 India World Opinion Sports e-Paper

#### Radio aids revival of dying tribal language

The Asur tribe has been using mobile radio to transmit local news and songs

February 15, 2020 09:41 pm | Updated 09:47 pm IST - BHUBANESWAR

SATYRSUNDAR BARIK

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In questions like this use of such unique case studies can be highly rewarding as it helps in clarifying the concept in easy way and shows candidate's awareness about real world issues and solutions.

## A. SPECIFIC STRATEGY FOR PAPER-I

The paper can be divided into 3 parts—Archaeology, Socio-cultural anthropology, Physical anthropology.

Broadly, following things should be kept in mind while reading a topic and making notes:

1. Note **scholars and their work**. Eg- Malinowski's "Argonauts of the Western Pacific" 1922. Scholars should be mentioned in introduction, arguments as well as counter-arguments in your answers.
2. Mentioning a Single thinker is often not sufficient. Find **different thinkers** related to a topic. Note down their **different perspectives**. Add perspectives from different schools of anthropology. Eg- Functionalism, Structuralism etc.
3. Find **Examples** and relevant **case studies**. For Example- On topic 'marriage', find example of 'distinct practices' related to marriage among various tribes from world as well as India.
4. Find **good Diagrams** related to different topics.

### Important considerations:

Topics such as Anthropological Theories, Archaeology, Fossil, Primates etc are said to be **more scoring**. Get thorough clarity on such topics.

1. **"Anthropological theories"** is backbone for socio-cultural part of syllabus. Understand the theory well in terms of basic idea, scholars and their books/papers, name of tribes they have worked, criticism/limitations of theory etc.
2. For **Physical anthropology**, while certain topics of syllabus are static, few other topics require value addition in sync with contemporary developments related to them. For Eg- For topic "DNA technology in diseases and medicine", contemporary development is 'CRISPER Cas9 technology'. Scope of such value addition is much in chapter on "Applications of Anthropology". Also, diagrams are important in physical anthropology.
3. **Archeology** is largely static in nature. Make good notes and do value addition. For example, if you come across any news on "discovery of new fossils" etc, integrate it in your notes and use in your answers. Also, practice diagrams of tools in archeology, use maps to locate prehistoric sites.
4. For **socio-cultural anthropology**, learn definitions given by scholars, limitations of such definitions, name of their work, examples of societies etc. Find out good case studies on such topics. Also, attempt to understand various anthropological perspectives.

Sectional Weightage in Paper 1 (CSE-2022)		
Unit	Sub Unit	Marks Allotted
Unit 1	1.1-1.8	1.1-1.4 (20 marks) 1.5 (15 marks) 1.6 (20 marks) 1.7-1.8 (35 marks) Total-90 marks
Unit 2	2.1-2.5	2.1-2.2 (10 marks) 2.3 (10 marks) 2.4 (10 marks) 2.5 (20 marks) Total-50 marks
Unit 3	3	Unit 3 (15 marks)
Unit 4	4	Unit 4 (15 marks)
Unit 5	5	Unit 5 (15 marks)
Unit 6	6	Unit 6 (45 marks)
Unit 7	7	Unit 7 (15 marks)
Unit 8	8.1-8.4	Unit 8 Total (25 marks)
Unit 9	9.1-9.8	Unit 9 (75 marks)
Unit 10	10	Unit 10 (15 marks)
Unit 11	11.1-11.3	Unit 11 (15 marks)
Unit 12	12	Unit 12 (20 marks)



## B. SPECIFIC STRATEGY FOR PAPER-II

Paper-II is broadly divided into 3 parts

### Indian prehistory and archaeology

1. Approach is similar to archeology (Paper-I) with some modifications.
2. After finishing a topic, make note under subheadings such as Prevailing Climate, Tools, Tool-types, Tool-technology, Tool material, prominent sites, related archeologists, uniqueness in the sites, etc.
3. Practice the [diagrams of tools](#).
4. Draw [India's map](#) and locate the archeological sites in all your answers.

### Indian anthropology

1. This part is [dynamic](#). Eg- Impact of globalization on Indian villages was asked in 2022.
2. Note the name of anthropologists, their work and their basic findings.
3. Mention the [contemporary relevance](#) of topics such as caste system, caste mobility, tribe-caste continuum etc. Mention the [dynamism](#) i.e., how these themes (Eg- caste system etc) have transformed themselves up to the present times.
4. From newspapers, if you come across any [case studies](#) on such dynamic topics, note them to use in your answers. Examples of such dynamic topics are- "Impact of Hinduism, Buddhism, Christianity, Islam and other religions on tribal societies", "Ethnic conflicts and political developments", "Future of caste system" etc.
5. Contribution of [important Indian anthropologists](#) is often asked. Eg- S.C. Dube, Irawati Karwe were asked in 2022. Remember their important works (books/papers), societies they studied, key observations and conclusions etc.

### Tribal anthropology

1. A few questions in this part are [problem oriented](#). Eg- Issues of tribal agricultural labourers, issues and solutions related to SC & ST in India was asked in 2022. Adding [relevant statistics in your answer to substantiate the extent of problem](#) or success of an intervention etc would add value to your answer.
2. [XAXA committee](#) report is important to understand tribal problems. Other reports such as one by [Dr. Abhay Bang committee](#) report on tribal health is important too. Use specific XAXA committee recommendations to tribal problems and build on it further from other sources. Use this content to enrich your answers.
3. [Regional specificities of tribals](#) are also sometimes asked. Eg- Comparison between tribals of North East and central India.
4. Note down [Government schemes](#) for the benefits of tribals, Primitive Tribal Groups etc
5. Use [internet and other sources](#) to find good case studies. [Find recent data and statistics related to topics](#). Eg- From Ministry of Tribal Affairs (MoTA) Report, Economic and Political Weekly, Down to Earth, Newspapers etc.

## C. NOTE MAKING

### Key points for effective NOTE making

1. **Comprehensive & Lean:** Create detailed notes covering important anthropologists' names and their significant works. After understanding the entire syllabus, add value to your notes with additional insights.
2. **Source Consolidation:** Note down content from different sources in one place to avoid scattered information. Compile and organize your notes for easy reference.
3. **Value Addition Techniques:** Enhance notes with well-labelled diagrams, case studies, and innovative content presentation methods to make learning engaging and effective.
4. **Interconnections:** Develop links between different topics in your notes to grasp the subject holistically, improving your understanding and analytical abilities.

Remember, relying solely on topper's notes or ready-made materials may not provide a deep understanding. Embrace the process of note-making as a critical part of your preparation, fostering deeper comprehension and preparing you for the UPSC Anthropology exam with expertise. Avoid shortcuts and invest time in self-made notes for a successful journey to success in UPSC.

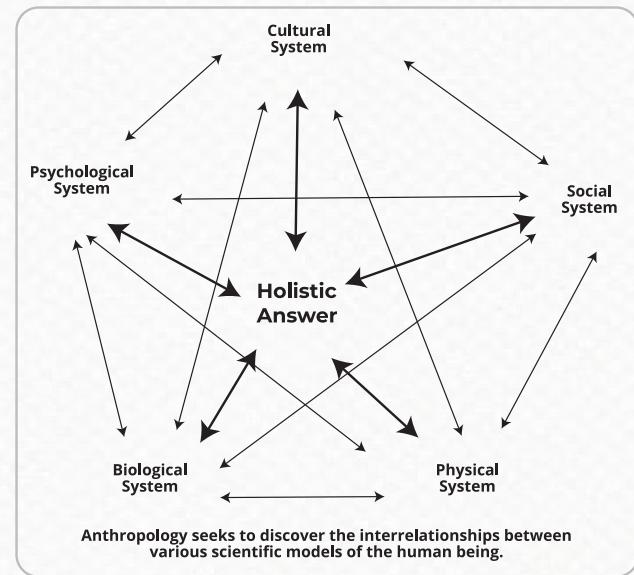
## D. REVISION

1. Revise your notes **periodically**. Keeping notes lean help here. You can also make short hand notes for each topic during revision, it will help in quick revision before the exam.
2. **Practice diagrams.** Try to draw them neatly in fast manner.

## 6. Answer Writing Practice

Answer writing practice is very important.

- Unlike GS answers, answers in anthropology require scholarly flavor. Write your answers like a scholar/anthropologist. Cite scholars and their work in answers.
- Try to make your **answers stand apart**. Add aspects such as **application of concept, case study, good example, diagram, flowchart, scholars and their work, anthropological theories, interconnection of topics, contemporary relevance, current affairs, etc.** Innovate on these and make it a habit to incorporate uniqueness in your answers.
- Anthropology is **by and large a static subject** where current affairs forms only 10-15% i.e., around 85-90 % of the syllabus is static, hence previous year question practice forms an integral part of preparation.
- Add **specificity** in your answers. Eg- Rather than mentioning that tribals suffer ill health, mention which specific tribe has which specific health problem. Mention reasons behind it and substantiate it with specific data etc.
- Try to present content using innovative means such as flowcharts, shapes etc.
- Have good command over PYQs and practice them thoroughly. Topics often get repeated.



Answers should reflect interdisciplinary approach to fetch very high marks

### Pointers for Effective Answer Writing Practice

- Try to attempt all the questions. Practicing time management is very necessary.
- Attempt initial questions of paper well. This creates a rapport in the mind of examiner for your evaluation.
- Use 5 minutes for choosing questions out of options.
- In general, use 14min for a 20 marker, 10 min for a 15 marker and 7 min for a 10 marker.



### CLIFF NOTE

## 7. Mock Tests and Analysis

- After practicing with past year's question papers and gaining conceptual clarity, the next crucial stage is the mock test phase.
- Mock tests simulate the actual UPSC exam environment and enable candidates to gauge their preparedness.
- Getting answers evaluated by experts during mock tests helps identify strengths and weaknesses in answers.
- Experts' feedback and suggestions aid in correcting mistakes and improving answer writing skills.
- Mock tests enhance time management, providing a glimpse of the actual exam's time constraints.
- Consistent practice with mock tests boosts confidence and reduces anxiety before the UPSC exam.
- It is essential to utilize mock test analysis to fine-tune your preparation and optimize performance on the final day.

### Concluding Remarks

The UPSC anthropology exam requires rigorous preparation and an astute approach. By following the comprehensive strategies outlined in this guide, aspirants can undertake a structured study plan that covers all critical areas. The tips and frameworks shared aim to transform aspirants into discerning students of anthropology, augment exam readiness and set them firmly on the path to becoming exemplary civil servants. We at Vision IAS hope that this comprehensive strategy guide will prove highly valuable for all UPSC anthropology aspirants in their preparation journey.



### CLIFF NOTE

Heartiest  
*Congratulations*  
to all Successful Candidates

**39 in Top 50  
Selection  
in CSE 2022**



**8 in Top 10  
Selection  
in CSE 2021**



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